

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

27, BALLYGUNGE CIRCULAR ROAD



Class	s : 5	Subject : GENERAL SCIENCE	Term: FIRST TERM	Max Marks : 60
Q1:	coordinate	s the actions of the muscles	and makes them work together	Marks: 1
	1 . Medulla			
	2. Cerebrum			
	3. Cerebellum		(This Answer is Correc	et)
	4 . Oblangata			
Q 2 :	The long bones of the	ne skeleton are hollow and a	re filled with a soft, fatty substance called	Marks : 1
	1. tendons			
	2. nodes			
	3. bone marrow		(This Answer is Correc	et)
	4. plasma			
Q3:	The hip girdles prote	ect the that lies ins	side them.	Marks: 1
	1. lungs			
	2. urinary bladder		(This Answer is Correc	et)
	3. kidney			
	4 . stomach			
Q4:	Medulla controls	actions like the movem	ents of the lungs and the heart.	Marks: 1
	1. muscular			
	2 . voluntary		_	
	3. involuntary		(This Answer is Correct	et)
	4 . skeletal			
Q 5 :	of the carn	nivorous birds help them to ca	atch their prey and to tear flesh.	Marks: 1
	1 . feathers			
	2. wings			
	3. beaks			
	4. claws		(This Answer is Correct	et)

Q6:	Eight flat bo	ones in the skull are interlocked together and enclos	es a delicate	Marks :	1
	1 brain		(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . heart		_		
	3 . lungs				
	4. bladder				
Q7:	The sharp a	and small front teeth of the Rodents are used to	seeds and fruits.	Marks :	1
	1. gnaw		(This Answer is Correct)		
	2. scratch				
	3. bite				
	4. chew				
Q8:	The nerves	which carry orders from the brain or the spinal cord nerves.	to the muscles or glands are called	Marks :	1
	1. fibres	nerves.			
	2 . mixed				
	3. sensory				
	4 • motor		(This Answer is Correct)		
Q9:	How many	muscles are there in the human body?		Marks :	1
	1. 786				
	2. 600				
	3. 650		(This Answer is Correct)		
	4. 690		_		
Q 10 :	Sea turtles	move to the sea shore to build		Marks :	1
	1 . hunting p	laces			
	2. breeding	places	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3. shelter		_		
	4 . resting				
Q 11 :	The	fin in the fishes help them to change the direction	on of movement.	Marks :	1
	1. upper				
	2 anal				
	3 dorsal				

(This A

4 . tail

Q 12 :	The wings of insects are different from those of birds and are made with tiny colored	Marks :	1	
	1 . scales (This Answer is Correct)			
	2 . feathers			
	3. skin			
	4. pebbles			
Q 13 :	muscles are found in heart, structured like voluntary muscles but they are involuntary in function.	Marks :	1	
	1 . Smooth			
	2 . Cardiac (This Answer is Correct)			
	3 . Skeletal			
	4. Fibre			
Q 14 :	Blinking of the eyes and watering of the mouth are the two other examples of	Marks:	1	
	1. stimuli			
	2. contraction			
	3 . reflex actions (This Answer is Correct)			
	4 . rexalation			
Q 15 :	When the snakes move, the plates act like	Marks :	1	
	1. hands			
	2. legs			
	3. feet (This Answer is Correct)			
	4 . ribs			
Q 16 :	The lowest two pairs of ribs are called ribs, are joined only to the backbone.	Marks :	1	
	1. hanging			
	2. flying			
	3. jumping			
	4 . floating (This Answer is Correct)			
0.47	Reflex actions are controlled by the	Marks :	1	
Q 17 :		IVIAI NO .	ı	
	1. brain			

Q 18

Q 19

\checkmark	(This Answer is Correct)
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		(This Aliswer is Correct)		
	2. spinal cord			
	3. nerves			
	4. cells			
:	fight against the foreign organisms that invade our body.		Marks :	1
	1 . red blood cells			
	2 . platelets			
	3 . white blood cells	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4 . muscles			
:	are harmful migratory insects.		Marks :	1
	1. Butterflies			
	2. Locusts	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Grasshoppers			
	4 . bed bugs			

Q 20: A person faints if his heart is not able to send enough _____ to his brain. Marks:

- 1. hormones
- 2. blood

(This Answer is Correct)

- 3. water
- 4. liquid

Q 21: An adult human brain weighs about _____kg. Marks: 1

- 1. 1.5
- 2. 1.2
- 3. 1.3
- **4** . 1.4

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 22: The _____ protects the internal organs and gives support, strength and shape to the body. Marks: 1

- 1. skin
- 2. organ
- 3. joint
- 4 . skeleton

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 23: 1

	,	s take oxygen from Marks :		
	1 . water	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2. land			
	3. plants			
	4 . animals			
Q 24 :	Brain receives information from all the parts through different		Marks :	1
	1. cells			
	2. capillaries			
	3. blood			
	4. nerves	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 25 :	The spinal cord is enclosed inside a tough, bony but spi	ne	Marks :	1
	1. fixed			
	2. flexible	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3. straight			
	4. strong			
	1 . cartilages2 . tendons			
	3 . ligaments	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . ligaments4 . fibres	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 27 :			Marks :	1
Q 27 :	4. fibres	direction.	Marks :	1
Q 27 :	4 . fibres A hinge joint is like the hinges in a door and move the bones only in		Marks :	1
Q 27 :	4 . fibres A hinge joint is like the hinges in a door and move the bones only in 1 . two	direction.	Marks :	1
Q 27 :	4 . fibres A hinge joint is like the hinges in a door and move the bones only in 1 . two 2 . one	direction.	Marks :	1
	4 . fibres A hinge joint is like the hinges in a door and move the bones only in 1 . two 2 . one 3 . three	direction.	Marks :	1
	4 . fibres A hinge joint is like the hinges in a door and move the bones only in 1 . two 2 . one 3 . three 4 . four	direction.		
Q 27 :	4 . fibres A hinge joint is like the hinges in a door and move the bones only in 1 . two 2 . one 3 . three 4 . four The sense of taste and the sense of smell are	direction. [Variable of the content of the co		
	4 . fibres A hinge joint is like the hinges in a door and move the bones only in 1 . two 2 . one 3 . three 4 . four The sense of taste and the sense of smell are	direction. [Variable of the content of the co		

Q 29 :	Give an example of an animal that use only its hind pair to move.		Marks:	1
	1. zebra			
	2. ant			
	3. human	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4. cow			
Q 30 :	The bones in the skull are interlocked, making the joints	:	Marks :	1
	1. movable			
	2. immovable	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . merged	_		
	4 . stuck			
Q 31 :	The is the main organ of taste and it enables us to spe	ak.	Marks :	1
.,	1. face			
	2. mouth			
	3. tongue	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4. ears			
Q 32 :	The organs which connects us to the outside world are known as _ 1 . sense organs 2 . lungs 3 . tissues 4 . heart	. (This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 33 :	Choose the appropriate function of the hindlimbs of the birds.		Marks :	1
	1 . fly			
	2. perch	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . flap			
	4 . crawl			
Q 34 :	Muscles are attached to the bones by strong fibres called		Marks :	1
	1. bones			
	2 . cartilages			
	3 . ligaments			
	4. tendons	(This Answer is Correct)		

Q 35 :	The spinal cord connects the rest of the	e body to the brain through the	Marks:	1
	1. blood			
	2. nerves	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3. bones			
	4. plasma			
Q 36 :	The wings are attached to the	of the bird with the help of strong muscles.	Marks:	1
	1. breastbone	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . back bone			
	3 . collar bone			
	4. neck			
Q 37 :	Nerves are made of bundles of		Marks :	1
4	1 . threads			
	2. fibres	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3. nodes			
	4. vessels			
Q 38 :	Snakes have strong muscles and a	backbone which helps them to move forward.	Marks :	1
Q 38 :	Snakes have strong muscles and a 1 . sensible	backbone which helps them to move forward.	Marks :	1
Q 38 :		backbone which helps them to move forward.	Marks :	1
Q 38 :	1 . sensible		Marks :	1
Q 38 :	 sensible strong 	backbone which helps them to move forward. (This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 38 :	 sensible strong soft 		Marks :	1
	 sensible strong soft flexible 			
	 sensible strong soft flexible How many kinds of nerves are there?			
	 sensible strong soft flexible How many kinds of nerves are there? three 			
	 sensible strong soft flexible How many kinds of nerves are there? three four 	(This Answer is Correct)		
	 sensible strong soft flexible How many kinds of nerves are there? three four five 	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 39 :	 sensible strong soft flexible How many kinds of nerves are there? three four five two 	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 39 :	 sensible strong soft flexible How many kinds of nerves are there? three four five two The brain, the spinal cord and the	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 39 :	 sensible strong soft flexible How many kinds of nerves are there? three four five two The brain, the spinal cord and the bones 	(This Answer is Correct) (This Answer is Correct) form the nervous system.	Marks :	1
Q 39 :	 sensible strong soft flexible How many kinds of nerves are there? three four five two the brain, the spinal cord and the bones nerves 	(This Answer is Correct) (This Answer is Correct) form the nervous system.	Marks :	1

Q 41 :	is the centre of intelligence.		Marks:	1
	1 . Cerebellum			
	2 . Medulla			
	3. Cerebrum	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4. Pons			
				
Q 42 :	The bones and the work together and make a huma	an body an efficient machine.	Marks:	1
	1. nerves			
	2. muscles	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3. blood			
	4. bones			
Q 43 :	Air enters the human lungs through the		Marks :	1
	1 . Alveoli			
	2. windpipe	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3. thorax			
	4 . Bronchi			
Q 44 :	The lungs are richly supplied with		Marks :	1
Q 44 :	The lungs are richly supplied with 1 . blood		Marks :	1
Q 44 :			Marks :	1
Q 44 :	1. blood	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 44 :	1. blood 2. nerves	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks:	1
Q 44 :	1. blood2. nerves3. blood vessels	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 44 :	1. blood2. nerves3. blood vessels	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
	1. blood2. nerves3. blood vessels4. lymph	(This Answer is Correct)		
	1 . blood 2 . nerves 3 . blood vessels 4 . lymph Capybara is an example of	(This Answer is Correct)		
	 blood nerves blood vessels lymph Capybara is an example of herbivore 			
	 blood nerves blood vessels lymph Capybara is an example of herbivore rodent 			
	 blood nerves blood vessels lymph Capybara is an example of herbivore rodent carnivore 			
	 blood nerves blood vessels lymph Capybara is an example of herbivore rodent carnivore 			
Q 45 :	 blood nerves blood vessels lymph Capybara is an example of herbivore rodent carnivore omnivore 		Marks :	1
Q 45 :	 blood nerves blood vessels lymph Capybara is an example of herbivore rodent carnivore omnivore Name the third layer of the eye.		Marks :	1
Q 45 :	 blood nerves blood vessels lymph Capybara is an example of herbivore rodent carnivore omnivore Name the third layer of the eye. Sclera 	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1

Q 47 :	The nerve connects the eye to the brain.		Marks :	1
	1 . transitory nerve			
	2 . auditory nerve			
	3 . optic nerve	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4 . mixed nerve	_		
Q 48 :	The uppermost vertebra in the neck is called		Marks :	1
	1. femur			
	2. atlas	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . ulna			
	4 . radius			
Q 49 :	The system that permits blood to circulate and trans all the cells in the human body.	port nutrients, gases and hormones to	Marks :	1
	1 . Circulatory	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2. endocrine	_		
	3 . Respiratoty			
	4. Nervous			
Q 50 :	The fluid that protects the brain from the jerks		Marks :	1
	1 . synovial fluid			
	2. plasma			
	3 . cerebro spinal fluid	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4. amniotic fluid			
Q 51 :	Insects move with the help of their muscles.		Marks :	1
	1. legs			
	2. wings			
	3. abdomen			
	4 . chest muscles	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 52 :	Water insects like water boatmen use their legs as for	r swimming.	Marks :	1
	1. handles			
	2. oars	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3. barks	_		
	4. bars			

Q 53 :	The bones at the joints move smoothly because of a	_ fluid which acts like a lubricant.	Marks :	1
	1. lymph			
	2 . cerebro spinal			
	3 . synovial	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4. mucus	_		
Q 54 :	The femur fits into the with a ball-and-socket	joint.	Marks :	1
	1. spine			
	2 . hip girdle	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . shoulder girdle	_		
	4. rib cage			
Q 55 :	The backbone is made up of 33 small bones, called		Marks :	1
	1. spine			
	2 . vertebrae	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . vertebral column	_		
	4. skull			
Q 56 :	Rings and tiny are fixed on animals to trac	k their movement patterns.	Marks :	1
	1. recorders			
	2. machines			
	3 . transmitters	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4 . instruments			
Q 57 :	The system ensures the survival and the population	on growth of a particular organism.	Marks :	1
	1. excretory			
	2. endocrine			
	3. reproductive	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4 . respiratory	_		
Q 58 :	The migration route of the Siberian cranes stretches about	km.	Marks :	1
	1. 2500			
	2. 1765			
	3. 876			

Q 59 :	A group of tissues together make up an / a 1 . organ 2 . cell 3 . organ system 4 . organism	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 60 :	Migratory fishes like Atlantic Salmon travels to the 1 . ponds 2 . oceans 3 . rivers 4 . sea	to lay eggs. (This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1