



# ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

## 3rd Term Test - 2019



Sub : Geography  
Duration : 2 hrs

Class : 4 A, B & C

F.M. : 75  
Date : 20.11.2019

(Marks will be deducted for untidy work and work not done in systematic manner).

### SECTION - A

#### 1. Fill in the blanks:

(1X4=4)

- \_\_\_\_\_ is a green herb found in Thar.
- \_\_\_\_\_ forests grow in areas that get scanty rainfall.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is the highest range of the Himalayas.
- The Western Ghats are more \_\_\_\_\_ than the Eastern Ghats as the latter are cut by rivers.

#### 2. Write True or False:

(1X4=4)

- The houseboats and shikaras are found in Kashmir. \_\_\_\_\_
- The northern mountains act as a natural boundary of our country. \_\_\_\_\_
- The Malwa Plateau region has the largest reserves of mineral resources in India. \_\_\_\_\_
- The Great Indian Desert or the Thar Desert lies in the North-Eastern part of India. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 3. Answer in one word:

(1x4=4)

- Which state of India gets the first monsoon rain?
- What are the outer Himalayas also known as?
- What is the state animal of Sikkim?
- Which region receives the highest rainfall in the world?

#### 4. Write the following.

(1x4=4)

- Soil found in Maharashtra, Gujarat region \_\_\_\_\_
- Soil in which cashew nut is grown \_\_\_\_\_
- Forests that are found in the delta region \_\_\_\_\_
- Forests in which trees do not shed their leaves \_\_\_\_\_

#### 5. Unscramble the words.

(1x4=4)

- DGUOGN \_\_\_\_\_
- ECULLRAL JILA \_\_\_\_\_
- HREMTI CRBA \_\_\_\_\_
- JARASAW \_\_\_\_\_

### SECTION - B

#### 6. Answer the following questions:

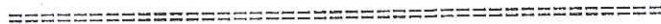
- What are cash crops? (3)
- (i). What are the characteristics of evergreen forest? (1)  
(ii). Name two evergreen trees. (2)
- Name three animals that are found in the Kaziranga National Park. (3)
- Name three main crops grown in Thar. (3)
- Write a short note on the *chinkara*. (3)
- Name three animals found in Kashmir. (3)
- What is green revolution? (3)
- Why is the northern plains called the food bowl of India? (2)
- What are coniferous trees? (2)

SECTION - C

7. Answer the following.

- a. Name the different types of soil found in India. (5)
- b. Describe the monsoon season in India. (5)
- c. Name the six climatic zones of India. (5)
- d. Write about the Jarawa tribe. (5)
- e. Name three tourists spots of Jammu and Kashmir. What is the main occupation of the people of Ladakh? Which is the largest town in Ladakh? (3+1+1)
- f. **On the outline map of India mark the following places:** (5)

Arid climate, Plateau region, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Himachal Pradesh, Highland climate.





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### SECTION – A

#### 1. Fill in the blanks:

(1X4=4)

- Khair is a green herb found in Thar.
- Thorn forests grow in areas that get scanty rainfall.
- Greater Himalayas or Himadri is the highest range of the Himalayas.
- The Western Ghats are more continuous than the Eastern Ghats as the latter are cut by rivers.

#### 2. Write True or False:

(1X4=4)

- The houseboats and shikaras are found in Kashmir. True
- The northern mountains act as a natural boundary of our country. True
- The Malwa Plateau region has the largest reserves of mineral resources in India. False
- The Great Indian Desert or the Thar Desert lies in the North-Eastern part of India. False

#### 3. Answer in one word:

(1x4=4)

- Which state of India gets the first monsoon rain?  
Ans. Kerala
- What are the outer Himalayas also known as?  
Ans. Shiwalik
- What is the state animal of Sikkim?  
Ans. Red panda
- Which region receives the highest rainfall in the world?  
Ans. Mawsynram in Meghalaya.

#### 4. Write the following.

(1x4=4)

- Soil found in Maharashtra, Gujarat region black soil.
- Soil in which cashew nut is grown red soil.
- Forests that are found in the delta region tidal forest.
- Forests in which trees do not shed their leaves evergreen forest.

(1x4=4)

#### 5. Unscramble the words.

- DGUOGN Dugong
- ECULLRAL JILA Cellular Jail
- HREMTI CRBA Hermit Crab
- JARASAW Jarawas

### SECTION – B

#### 6. Answer the following questions:

- What are cash crops? (3)  
Ans. Cash crops are those crops which are grown for sale in the market and to earn foreign money.
- (i). What are the characteristics of evergreen forest? (1)  
Ans. Evergreen forest remain green throughout the year. They do not shed their leaves. (2)  
(ii). Name two evergreen trees. (2)  
Ans. Rosewood, ebony, mahogany, (any 2).
- Name three animals that are found in the Kaziranga National Park. (3)



Ans. Kaziranga National Park is home to one-horned rhinoceros, Asiatic elephant, the Asiatic wild buffalo and Royal Bengal tiger. (any 3)

d. Name three main crops grown in Thar. (3)

Ans. The main crops grown in Thar are millets (bajra), barley (jowar), chilli and oilseeds.

e. Write a short note on the *chinkara*. (3)

Ans. The chinkara is the smallest of the Asiatic antelopes. It can survive without water for a long time and obtains moisture from plants. This animal is hunted for its skin and horn.

f. Name three animals found in Kashmir. (3)

Ans. The animals found in Kashmir are the Kashmir stag, the musk deer, the brown bear, the leopard and the jungle cat. (any 3)

g. What is green revolution? (3)

Ans. Green Revolution an agrarian movement launched in the 1960s that introduced new agricultural technology and high yielding varieties of wheat and rice.

h. Why is the northern plains called the food bowl of India? (2)

Ans. The soil in the Northern Plains is very soft and fertile. Crops such as wheat, rice, sugarcane, pulses, oilseeds and jute are grown here, that is why this plain is called the 'food bowl of India.'

i. What are coniferous trees? (2)

Ans. Coniferous forests have tall pointed trees with cones and have pointed leaves. E.g. pine, cedar, fir, deodar.

### SECTION – C

#### 7. Answer the following.

a. Name the different types of soil found in India. (5)

Ans. The different types of soil found in India are:

- i. Alluvial soil
- ii. Black soil
- iii. Red soil
- iv. Laterite soil
- v. Mountain soil

b. Describe the monsoon season in India. (5)

Ans. The word monsoon comes from the Arabic word 'mausim' which means weather. The rainy or the monsoon season usually lasts from June to September. During this season winds blow from the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal, carrying a lot of moisture. These moisture laden winds bring rain to almost the whole of India.

c. Name the six climatic zones of India. (5)

Ans. India is a huge country, it is divided into six climatic zones:

- i. Highland climate
- ii. Humid sub-tropical climate
- iii. Tropical wet and dry climate
- iv. Arid climate
- v. Sem-arid climate
- vi. Tropical wet climate

d. Write about the Jarawa tribe. (5)

Ans. It is believed that the ancestors of the Jarawa of the Andaman islands came from Africa. The Jarawa people hunt animals and fish (with bows and arrows) and gather seeds, berries and honey. They are nomadic and live in groups of 40-50 people. They live in community huts with several hearths and use canoes to travel across the sea.

e. Name three tourists spots of Jammu and Kashmir. What is the main occupation of the people of Ladakh? Which is the largest town in Ladakh? (3+1+1)

Ans. The three tourist spots in Jammu and Kashmir are Srinagar, Gulmarg, Pahalgam and Amarnath (any 3)

The main occupation of the people of Ladakh is animal rearing, especially sheep.

Leh is the largest town in Ladakh.

f. **On the outline map of India mark the following places:** (5)

Arid climate, Plateau region, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Himachal Pradesh, Highland climate.

Ans. On the outline map of India the following places are marked.